

Dub Leffler

## Once There Was a Boy

Australia (2011)

TAGS: [Eve Pandora](#)



We are still trying to obtain permission for posting the original cover.

General information	
<i>Title of the work</i>	Once There Was a Boy
<i>Country of the First Edition</i>	Australia
<i>Country/countries of popularity</i>	Australia
<i>Original Language</i>	English
<i>First Edition Date</i>	2011
<i>First Edition Details</i>	Dub Leffler, <i>Once There Was a Boy</i> . Broome, Western Australia: Magabala Press, 2011, 40 pp.
<i>ISBN</i>	9781921248627
<i>Awards</i>	2012 - finalist - Deadly Awards (Celebrate Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Achievement in Arts, Outstanding Achievement in Literature category) 2012 - shortlisted - Speech Pathology Australia Book of the Year Awards, Indigenous Children category
<i>Genre</i>	Alternative histories (Fiction), Didactic fiction, Mythological fiction, Picture books
<i>Target Audience</i>	Crossover
<i>Author of the Entry</i>	Elizabeth Hale, University of New England, ehale@une.edu.au
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## Creators



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### Dub Leffler (Author, Illustrator)

Dub Leffler is an Aboriginal author, artist, and illustrator who grew up in the small town of Quirindi, in New South Wales. He is one of thirteen children, and is descended from the Bigambul and Mandandanji people of South Queensland. As well as *Once There Was a Boy* (Magabala Books, 2011), he has written and illustrated a number of educational picture books for young indigenous and non-indigenous readers, including *Claws, Eyes, Flippers* (2012) and *Animals Move* (2012) and *The Croyden Park Cooking Club* (2014). He has also illustrated picture books written by Australian writers such as Sally Morgan and Ezekial Kwaymullina, Molly and Ayla Ridley-Davison, and collaborated with Australian illustrators Shaun Tan and Colin Thompson. Before resigning to pursue his illustration work full time, he was also a cook at the Tony Mundine Hostel, which provides accommodation for young Aboriginal students pursuing higher education.

Source:

Official [website](#) (accessed: March 28, 2018).

Bio prepared by Elizabeth Hale, University of New England, [ehale@une.edu.au](mailto:ehale@une.edu.au)

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## Additional information

### Summary

*Once There Was a Boy* is a picture book focused on the theme of reconciliation. A young black boy lives alone on an island in a sub-tropical or tropical sea. On the island is a boat shaped like a pelican; it is not clear where it has come from, or if it has brought the boy. One day, a young white girl arrives on the island. The boy welcomes her and gives her food and shelter. She eats a great deal of the fruit on the island, which are sapotes, or chocolate-pudding fruit, then asks to sleep in the boy's hammock. He tells her she can, but forbids her from looking in the box beneath his hammock.

Like a modern-day Pandora, the girl looks in the box. Inside is the boy's heart. She picks it up, and drops it, shattering it. The boy returns. Devastated, he takes his heart to the sea and throws the pieces in. The girl follows him and offers to give her heart to him. "This is MY heart," she said, 'and because I broke yours, I'm giving it to you. 'Only if we can share it!' beamed the boy."

### Analysis

*Once There Was a Boy* is told through a sparse text and full-page, often double-spread, illustrations, which are created using acrylics. The colours of the images are clear and bright, evoking the landscape of a tropical island. The story is an allegory of reconciliation, making reference to the destruction of Aboriginal society wreaked by European explorers and colonisers. It alludes to a number of mythological and fairy tale motifs, including the myth of Pandora, in the opening of the box by the girl, which also alludes to the fairytale of Bluebeard. An allusion to Eve, eating the fruit of the tree of knowledge, can be seen in the girl's eating of the sapotes. The conclusion of the book draws on the idea that Aboriginal and Colonising peoples need to reconcile, to share, to acknowledge the losses caused, and to make a potential reparation.

Despite the obvious allegory, complications can be seen in the work: the boat that dominates the island is shaped like a pelican and has an ambiguous structure that could be native or European. (Has the boy come to the island before now? Is he too an immigrant? There are hints of allusions to *Robinson Crusoe* as well). The sapote fruit is not native to Australia, coming from Mexico. Perhaps the island symbolises more than one myth of colonisation.



Elizabeth Hale, "Entry on: Once There Was a Boy by Dub Leffler", peer-reviewed by Miriam Riverlea and Daniel A. Nkemele. Our Mythical Childhood Survey (Warsaw: University of Warsaw, 2018). Link: <http://omc.obta.al.uw.edu.pl/myth-survey/item/112>. Entry version as of July 08, 2026.

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[Eve Pandora](#)  
Classical, Mythological,  
Traditional Motifs,  
Characters, and  
Concepts

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[Emotions Reconciliation Sharing Values](#)  
Other Motifs, Figures,  
and Concepts Relevant  
for Children and Youth  
Culture

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Further Reading      Ambellin Kwaymullina, "[Indigenous Picture Books offering windows into worlds](#)", *The Conversation*, theconversation.com (accessed: August 3, 2018).

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