

Jeanette Winter

## Wangari's Trees of Peace: A True Story from Africa

United States (2008)

TAGS: [African Storytelling](#) [African Traditions](#)



We are still trying to obtain permission for posting the original cover.

General information	
Title of the work	Wangari's Trees of Peace: A True Story from Africa
Country of the First Edition	United States of America
Country/countries of popularity	USA, Kenya, Korea, Japan, Spain, China, Sri Lanka
Original Language	English
First Edition Date	2008
First Edition Details	Jeanette Winter, <i>Wangari's Trees of Peace. A True Story from Africa</i> . New York and Orlando, FL: Houghton Mifflin Harcourt and Harcourt, Inc., 2008, 32 pp.
ISBN	978015206545
Awards	2008 - Commended for Cybils (Nonfiction Picture Book); 2009 - Winner of Nautilus Award (Children's Nonfiction); 2009 - American Library Association Amelia Bloomer Project; 2009 - Notable Social Studies Trade Books for Young People; 2009 - Outstanding Science Trade Books for Students K-12; 2010 - Short-listed for South Carolina Childrens, Junior and Young Adult Book Award (Picture Book); 2010 - Short-listed for Washington Children's Choice Picture Book Award; 2010 - Short-listed for Red Clover Award; 2011 - Short-listed for Virginia Readers Choice Award (Primary); 2011 - Short-listed for Grand Canyon Reader Award (Nonfiction).

Eleanor A. Dasi, "Entry on: Wangari's Trees of Peace: A True Story from Africa by Jeanette Winter", peer-reviewed by Divine Che Neba, Daniel A. Nkemleke and Elżbieta Olechowska. *Our Mythical Childhood Survey* (Warsaw: University of Warsaw, 2022). Link: <http://omc.obta.al.uw.edu.pl/myth-survey/item/1460>. Entry version as of November 21, 2024.

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<i>Genre</i>	Biographies, Picture books
<i>Target Audience</i>	Children (5–8 years)
<i>Author of the Entry</i>	Eleanor A. Dasi, University of Yaoundé I, wandasi5@yahoo.com
<i>Peer-reviewer of the Entry</i>	Divine Che Neba, University of Yaoundé 1, nebankiwang@yahoo.com Daniel A. Nkemleke, University of Yaoundé 1, nkemlekedan@yahoo.com Elżbieta Olechowska, University of Warsaw, elzbieta.olechowska@gmail.com



## Creators



### **Jeanette Winter , b. 1939 (Author, Illustrator)**

Jeanette Winter was born in Chicago in 1939 where she attended the Art Institute of Chicago University. She got married to Roger Winter, an American artist painter. She writes mostly about prominent women in history, and for children. Jeannette Winter received awards such as the New York Times Best Illustrated Book citation and the designation as Notable children's Trade Book in Language Art. She is the author of many self-illustrated books including *My Baby* (2001), *The Librarian of Basra: A True Story from Iraq* (2005), *Following the Drinking Gourd* (2008), *Kali's Song* (2012), *Manuk the Ice Bear* (2016) and *Our House Is on Fire: Greta Thunberg's Call to Save the Planet* (2019).

#### Sources:

[Biography.jrank.org](https://www.biography.jrank.org) (accessed: June 21, 2022);

Katherine Handcock, "[A Mighty Girl Creators Series: Interview with Jeanette Winter, Author and Illustrator](#)", posted on April 6, 2013 (accessed: June 21, 2022).

Bio prepared by Eleanor A. Dasi, University of Yaoundé I, wandasi5@yahoo.com

#### Questionnaire

[Interview with Jeanette Winter](#) is available at [amightygirl.com](http://amightygirl.com) (accessed: June 21, 2022).

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### Additional information

- Translation
- Korean: 나무의 숲 ( 나무 ) (Namudül ūi ömöni), trans. Chi Hye-wön omgim, Söul-si : Mirae Ai, 2009.
- Catalan: *Wangari i els arbres de la pau: una història real de l'Àfrica*, trans. Anna Gasol i Trullols, Barcelona: Ekaré, 2009.
- Japanese: ワンガリの平和のキ: アフリカのほんとうの物語 (Wangari no heiwa no ki: Afurika de hontō ni atta ohanashi), trans. Yumiko Fukumoto, Kōbe: BL Shuppan, 2010.
- Spanish: *Wangari y los árboles de la paz: una historia verdadera*, trans. Carolina Paoli, Barcelona: Ekaré, 2015.
- Chinese: 和平的樹 : 非洲的真實故事 (He ping shu: yi ze lai zi fei zhou de zhen shi gu shi), trans. Yongling Sha, 北京, Tai bei shi : Xiao lu wen hua, 2017.
- Tamil: வாங்காரியின் பசும்பூட்டு : அப்பிரிக்கா உண்மைக் கதை (Vaṅkāriyiṅ pacumait tūtuvarkaḷ: or Appirikka uṇmaik katai), trans. Àti Vaḷḷiyappan, Ceṅṅnai: Puks Kapār Cilraṅ, Pārati Puttakālayam ör aṅkam, Èpral 2019.
- Chinese: 和平村 : 非洲的真實故事 (He ping cun : yi ge lai zi Feizhou de zhen shi gu shi), trans. Hong Xu, Beijing : Beijing lian he chu ban gong si, 2020.

- Summary
- Wangari grew up at the foot of Mount Kenya among beautiful trees. These trees were home to birds and a source of wood for the villagers. The forest provided a rich soil on which Wangari's mother and other women grew foodstuffs like sweet potatoes, sugar cane and maize. Wangari used to help her mother with these activities. When she grew up, she obtained a scholarship to study in America. She returned to Kenya after six years to find that the forest has been destroyed. Women became bent from fetching wood in faraway places; the soil no longer produced good yields and the birds all disappeared. She cried at this sight and decided to plant trees. She mobilized women from her village to do the same and they planted many trees. Soon after, news of Wangari's vision of tree planting spread to other villages where women joined the tree planting movement. When these trees grew,



the government sent deforestation agents to cut them down for lumber claiming that they wanted to build infrastructure. Wangari opposed them. She was imprisoned but it did not stop the news of her tree-planting movement from spreading to other African countries, where people also started planting trees. Soon all of Kenya was covered with trees. The land regained its beautiful forests. Women walked tall as they no longer had to go far away to fetch firewood. From the top of the Mount Kenya, there is a beautiful view of the green forest Wangari restored in Kenya and in Africa.

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## Analysis

Many world communities accord great value to forests. Many lives, human, as well as non-human, depend on the forest. For humans particularly, it provides habitat and a rich soil on which crops are grown, and also a good source of potable water. Unfortunately, with urbanization in Africa today, many of these forests have been destroyed and no replacements have been planted. The above story is a true-life account of Wangari Maathai who takes it upon herself to save her Kenyan country from becoming a desert by planting trees to replace the destroyed forest. As a little girl growing up at the foot of Mount Kenya, she appreciated the value of trees – they provided shade from the sun, rich soil to grow food crops, wood with which to make fire and a habitat for birds. Seeing the effects of the felling of these trees – the barrenness of the soil, the backbreaking long distances women go to fetch wood, and the disappearance of the birds – Wangari resisted opposition from men, braved social hierarchy and led women into a green revolution. The positive results serve as a booster to other communities in and beyond Kenya who followed in Wangari's footsteps.

The story speaks to the necessity of being environmentally conscious and emphasizes the role women play in achieving this. It also brings the African woman to the center of the fight for the protection/preservation of nature as shown in the story because in many African communities, it is women who interact more with the land. Young girls are therefore encouraged by Wangari's story, to stand up for what will help to save the world.

The illustrations correspond to Wangari's trajectory from her childhood to her return to a tree-less homeland and to the beginning of the tree planting movement, with the involvement of women and successful planting of millions of trees.



[African Storytelling African Traditions](#)  
Classical, Mythological,  
Traditional Motifs,  
Characters, and  
Concepts

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[Adversity Environment Girls Nature Transformation Water](#)  
Other Motifs, Figures,  
and Concepts Relevant  
for Children and Youth  
Culture

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Further Reading                      Ikeke, Mark, "The Forest in African Traditional Thought and Practice: An Ecophilosophical Discourse", *Open Journal of Philosophy* 3.2 (2013): 345-350.

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Addenda                                Braille book:  
  
Boston, MA: National Braille Press, 2012.

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